

DrägerSensor® XXS COCl₂

Order no. 68 12 005

Used in	Plug & Play	Replaceable	Guaranty	Expected sensor life	Selective filter
Dräger Pac 8000	no	yes	0.5 years	> 1 year at below 25°C	no
Dräger X-am 5000	no	yes	0.5 years	> 6 months at 35°C	no
Dräger X-am 5600	no	yes	0.5 years		no
Dräger X-am 8000	no	yes	0.5 years		no

MARKTSEGMENTE

Manufacture of plastics, chemical industry, insecticides production, dyes, military

TECHNISCHE DATEN

Detection limit:	0,01 ppm
Resolution:	0,01 ppm
Measurement range:	0 bis 10 ppm COCl ₂ (Phosgene)
Response time:	≤ 20 seconds (T ₂₀)
Measurement accuracy	
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 5% of measured value
Long-term drift, at 20°C (68°F)	
Zero point:	≤ ± 0,01 ppm/year
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 1% of measured value/month
Warm-up time:	≤ 1 hour
Ambient conditions	
Temperature:	(-20 to 35) °C (-4 to 99) °F
Humidity:	(10 to 90)% RH
Pressure:	(700 to 1300) hPa
Influence of temperature	
Zero point:	no effect
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 0.2% of measured value/K
Influence of humidity	
Zero point:	no effect
Sensitivity:	≤ ± 0.05% of measured value/RH
Test gas:	COCl ₂ test gas between 3.8 to 9 ppm (not in Dräger's portfolio)



Northside Sales, Co.

Safety & Industrial Products

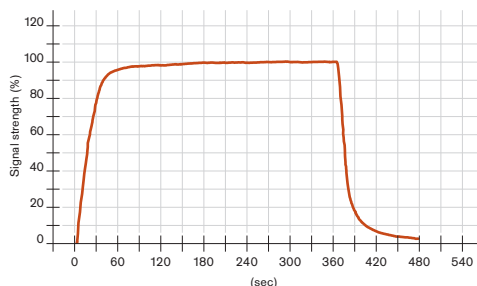
800-467-9005

SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

This sensor's advantages include a very low detection limit, excellent linearity and high signal stability.

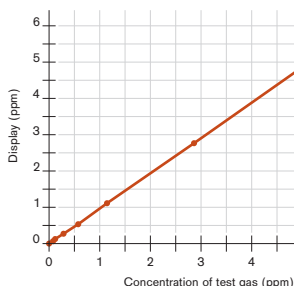
Sensor reaction at 20 °C

Flow = 0.5 l/min, 0.115 ppm COCl₂



Linearity of COCl₂ Sensors

calibrated with 0.28 ppm COCl₂



D-3232-2011e

The values shown in the following table are standard and apply to new sensors. The values may fluctuate by $\pm 30\%$. The sensor may also be sensitive to additional gases (for more information, please contact Dräger). Gas mixtures may be displayed as the sum of all components. Gases with a negative cross sensitivity may displace an existing concentration of COCl₂. To be sure, please check if gas mixtures are present.

RELEVANT CROSS-SENSITIVITIES

Gas/vapor	Chem. Symbol	Concentration	Reading in ppm COCl ₂
Acetylene	C ₂ H ₂	20 ppm	No effect
Ammonia	NH ₃	20 ppm	No effect
Carbon dioxide	CO ₂	1,5 Vol.-%	No effect
Carbon monoxide	CO	1000 ppm	No effect
Chlorine	Cl ₂	0,5 ppm	≤ 0.2
Ethanol	C ₂ H ₅ OH	260 ppm	No effect
Hydrogen	H ₂	8000 ppm	No effect
Hydrogen chloride	HCl	0,5 ppm	≤ 0.7
Hydrogen fluoride	HF	0,4 ppm	≤ 0.1 ppm
Hydrogen peroxide	H ₂ O ₂	1 ppm	No effect
Hydrogen sulfide	H ₂ S	1 ppm	≤ 1 ¹⁾
Isobutylene	(CH ₃) ₂ CCH ₂	100 ppm	No effect
Nitrogen dioxide	NO ₂	1 ppm	≤ 0.1 ⁽⁻⁾
Nitrogen monoxide	NO	30 ppm	No effect
Ozone	O ₃	0,3 ppm	≤ 0.05 ⁽⁻⁾
Phosphine	PH ₃	0,5 ppm	≤ 0.1 ppm
Propanol	C ₃ H ₇ OH	500 ppm	No effect
Sulfur dioxide	SO ₂	2 ppm	No effect

(-) Indicates negative deviation

¹⁾ Permanent exposure to H₂S can result in a reduction of sensitivity.